

OSTEOPATHIC MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA 2720 GATEWAY OAKS DRIVE, SUITE 350 SACRAMENTO, CA 95833-4304 TELEPHONE: (916) 263-3100 FAX (916) 263-3117



December 29, 2006

Po-Long Lew, D.O. 9308 East Valley Blvd. Rosemead, CA 91770

Re:

Case No. 00 2001 1036 Completion of Probation License No. 20A5380

Dear Dr. Lew:

The Osteopathic Medical Board of California wishes to inform you that your probation was terminated effective December 19, 2006, as you have successfully completed all terms and conditions of your probation. Your license to practice osteopathic medicine is now clear and unrestricted.

If anyone should ask if there ever has been any action taken, we are required to tell that there was a past disciplinary period, which you successfully completed. This information will also be found on our website license verification.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me at (916) 263-3100.

Sincerely,

DONALD J. KRPAN. D.O

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

DJK:ab

Federation of State Medical Boards, Inc. cc:

1	Deputy Attorney General California Department of Justice 300 South Spring Street, Suite 1702 Los Angeles, California 90013		
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5	Telephone: (213) 897-8644 Facsimile: (213) 897-1071		
6	Attorneys for Complainant		
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8	BEFORE T		
9	OSTEOPATHIC MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA STATE OF CALIFORNIA		
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11	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. 99-14	
12	PO LONG LEW, D.O. 9308 Valley Boulevard	OAH No. L-2001040342	
13	Rosemead, Ca. 91770	STIPULATED SETTLEMENT AND DISCIPLINARY ORDER	
14	Osteopathic Physician and Surgeon's License No. 20A5380	DISCH DAVART GROEK	
15	Respondent.		
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18	In the interest of a prompt and speedy settlement of this matter, consistent with		
19	the public interest and the responsibility of the Osteo	ppathic Medical Board of California, the	
20	parties hereby agree to the following Stipulated Sett	lement and Disciplinary Order which will be	
21	submitted to the Board for approval and adoption as the final disposition of the Accusation and		
22	First Supplemental Accusation, in case number 99-14.		
23	<u>PARTIES</u>		
24	1. Linda J. Bergmann (Complainant) is the Executive Director of the		
25	Osteopathic Medical Board of California (Board). She brought this action solely in her official		
26	capacity and is represented in this matter by Bill Lockyer, Attorney General of the State of		
27	California, by Richard D. Marino, Deputy Attorney General.		
28	2. Respondent Po Long Lew (Re	espondent) is represented in this proceeding	

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by Daron L. Tooch, Esq., whose address is Hooper, Lundy & Bookman, Inc., 1875 Century Park East, Suite 1600, Los Angeles, California 90067-2799.

3. On or about July 1, 1987, the Board issued Osteopathic Physician and Surgeon's License No. 20A5380 to Respondent. The license was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought in the Accusation and First Supplemental Accusation, in case number 99-14, and will expire on November 30, 2001, unless renewed.

JURISDICTION

4. Accusation and First Supplemental Accusation, in case number 99-14, were filed before the Board, and are currently pending against Respondent. The Accusation, together with all other statutorily required documents were properly served on Respondent on October 6, 1999, and Respondent timely filed his Notice of Defense contesting the Accusation. The First Supplemental Accusation was properly served on Respondent on March 21, 2001. A copy of Accusation and First Supplemental Accusation, in case number 99-14, is hereto attached, marked Exhibit 1, and, by this reference, incorporated herein as though fully set forth.

ADVISEMENT AND WAIVERS

- 5. Respondent has carefully read, fully discussed with counsel, and understands the charges and allegations in the Accusation and First Supplemental Accusation, in case number 99-14. Respondent has also carefully read, fully discussed with counsel, and understands the effects of this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order.
- 6. Respondent is fully aware of his legal rights in this matter, including the right to a hearing on the charges and allegations in the Accusation and First Supplemental Accusation; the right to be represented by counsel at his own expense; the right to confront and cross-examine the witnesses against him; the right to present evidence and to testify on his own behalf; the right to the issuance of subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents; the right to reconsideration and court review of an adverse decision; and all other rights accorded by the California Administrative Procedure Act and other applicable laws.
 - 7. Respondent voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently waives and gives up

each and every right set forth above.

CULPABILITY

- 8. For the purpose of resolving the Accusation without the expense and uncertainty of further proceedings, Respondent agrees that, at a hearing, Complainant could establish a factual basis for the charges in the Accusation, and that Respondent hereby gives up his right to contest those charges.
- 9. Respondent agrees that his Osteopathic Physician and Surgeon's License is subject to discipline and he agrees to be bound by the Board's imposition of discipline as set forth in the Disciplinary Order below.

RESERVATION

10. The admissions made by Respondent herein are only for the purposes of this proceeding, or any other proceedings in which the Osteopathic Medical Board of California or other professional licensing agency is involved, and shall not be admissible in any other criminal or civil proceeding.

CONTINGENCY

- 11. This stipulation shall be subject to approval by the Board. Respondent understands and agrees that the Osteopathic Medical Board of California's staff and counsel for Complainant may communicate directly with the Board regarding this stipulation and settlement, without notice to or participation by Respondent or his counsel. By signing the stipulation, Respondent understands and agrees that he may not withdraw his agreement or seek to rescind the stipulation prior to the time the Board considers and acts upon it. If the Board fails to adopt this stipulation as its Decision and Order, the Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order shall be of no force or effect, except for this paragraph, it shall be inadmissible in any legal action between the parties, and the Board shall not be disqualified from further action by having considered this matter.
- 12. The parties understand and agree that facsimile copies of this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order, including facsimile signatures thereto, shall have the same force and effect as the originals.

13. In consideration of the foregoing admissions and stipulations, the parties agree that the Board may, without further notice or formal proceeding, issue and enter the following Disciplinary Order:

DISCIPLINARY ORDER

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Osteopathic Physician and Surgeon's License No. 20A5380 issued to Respondent Po Long Lew is revoked. However, the revocation is stayed and Respondent is placed on probation for five (5) years on the following terms and conditions.

days from the effective date of this decision, the Respondent, at his expense, shall enroll in the Physician Assessment and Clinical Education Program at the University of California, San Diego School of Medicine (hereinafter, the "PACE Program") and shall undergo assessment, clinical training and examination. First, the Respondent shall undergo the comprehensive assessment program including the measurement of medical skills and knowledge, the appraisal of physical health and psychological testing. After assessment, the PACE Evaluation Committee will review all results and make a recommendation to the Division or its designee, the Respondent and other authorized personnel as to what clinical training is required, including scope and length, treatment of any medical or psychological condition, and any other factors affecting the Respondent's practice of medicine. The Respondent shall undertake whatever clinical training and treatment of any medical or psychological condition as may be recommended by the PACE Program.

Finally, at the completion of the PACE Program, the Respondent shall submit to an examination on its contents and substance. The examination shall be designed and administered by the PACE faculty. Respondent shall not be deemed to have successfully completed the program unless he/she passes the examination. Respondent agrees that the determination of the PACE Program faculty as to whether or not he/she has passed the examination and/or successfully completed the PACE Program shall be binding.

Respondent shall complete the PACE Program no later than six (6) months after his/her initial enrollment unless the Division or its designee agrees in writing to a later time for

completion.

If the Respondent successfully completes the PACE Program, including the examination referenced above, he agrees to cause the PACE representatives to forward a Certification of Successful Completion of the program to the Division or its designee.

If the Respondent fails to complete the PACE Program successfully within the time limits outlined above, he shall be suspended from the practice of medicine until such time that he successfully completes the PACE Program.

Failure to participate in, and successfully complete all phases of the PACE Program, as outlined above, shall constitute a violation of probation.

- 2. **Medical Record Keeping Course.** Within 60 days of the effective date of this decision, Respondent shall submit to the Board for its prior approval a course in medical record keeping which Respondent shall successfully complete during the first year of probation.
- 3. **Medical Ethics Course.** Within 60 days of the effective date of this decision, Respondent shall submit to the Board for its prior approval a course in medical ethics which Respondent shall successfully complete during the first year of probation.
- 4. **Continuing Medical Education.** Within ninety 90 days of the effective date of this decision, and on an annual basis thereafter, the Respondent shall submit to the Board or its designee for its prior approval an educational program or course to be designated by the Board or its designee which shall be aimed at correcting any areas of deficient practice or knowledge which shall not be less than 40 hours per year, for each year of probation. This program shall be in addition to the Continuing Medical Education (CME) requirements for re-licensure. Following the completion of each course, the Board or its designee may administer an examination to test the Respondent's knowledge of the course. Respondent shall provide proof of attendance for 65 hours of continuing medical education of which 40 hours were in satisfaction of this condition and were approved in advance by the Board or its designee.
- 5. Supervised Structured Environment. Within 30 days of the effective date of this decision, the Respondent shall submit to the Board and receive its prior approval, for a plan of practice limited to a supervised structured environment in which Respondent's

6. **Billing Monitor.** Within 30 days of the effective date of this decision, the Respondent shall submit to the Board or its designee for its prior approval a plan of practice in which the Respondent's billing shall be monitored by another physician in the Respondent's field of practice or shall be done by an approved medical billing company. The billing monitor, whether another physician in the Respondent's field of practice or an approved medical billing company, shall provide periodic reports to the Board or its designee.

If the billing monitor resigns or is no longer available, the Respondent shall, within 15 days, move to have a new monitor appointed, through nomination by the Respondent and approval by the Board or its designee.

- 7. **Community Services.** Within 60 days of the effective date of this decision, the Respondent shall submit to the Board for its prior approval a community service program in which the Respondent shall provide free medical services on a regular basis to a community or charitable facility or agency for at least 20 hours per month during the fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, and ninth months of probation.
- 8. **Obey All Laws.** Respondent shall obey all federal, state and local laws, all rules governing the practice of medicine in California, and remain in full compliance with any court ordered criminal probation, payments and other orders.
- 9. Quarterly Reports. Respondent shall submit to the Board quarterly declaration under penalty of perjury on the Quarterly Report of Compliance Form, OMB 10 (5/97), which is hereby incorporated by reference, stating whether there has been compliance with all the conditions of probation.
- 10. **Probation Surveillance Program.** Respondent shall comply with the Board's probation surveillance program. Respondent shall, at all times, keep the Board informed of his addresses of business and residence which shall both serve as addresses of record. Changes of such addresses shall be immediately communicated in writing to the Board. Under no circumstances shall a post office box serve as an address of record.

Respondent shall also immediately inform the Board, in writing, of any travel to any areas outside the jurisdiction of California which lasts, or is contemplated to last, more than thirty (30) days.

- 11. Interviews With Medical Consultants. Respondent shall appear in person for interviews with the Board's medical consultants upon request at various intervals and with reasonable notice.
- Board the amount of \$25,000 for its investigative and prosecution costs as follows: \$5,000 during each year of probation with the initial \$5,000 due within 90 days of the effective date of this decision and each subsequent payment of \$5,000 due every 12 months thereafter until the amount is paid in full. Failure to reimburse the Board's cost of its investigation and prosecution shall constitute a violation of the probation order, unless the Board agrees in writing to payment by an installment plan because of financial hardship.
- 13. License Surrender. Following the effective date of this decision, if Respondent ceases practicing due to retirement, health reasons, or is otherwise unable to satisfy the terms and conditions of probation, Respondent may voluntarily tender his certificate to the Board. The Board reserves the right to evaluate the Respondent's request and to exercise its discretion whether to grant the request, or to take any other action deemed appropriate and reasonable under the circumstances. Upon formal acceptance of the tendered license, Respondent will no longer be subject to the terms and conditions of probation.
- Practice (Inactive License). In the event Respondent should leave California to reside or to practice outside the State or for any reason should Respondent stop practicing medicine in California, Respondent shall notify the board or its designee in writing within ten days of the dates of departure and return or the dates of non-practice within California. Non-practice is defined as any period of time exceeding thirty days in which Respondent is not engaging in any activities defined in Section 2051 and/or 2052 of the Business and Professions Code. All time spent in an intensive training program approved by the Board or its designee in or out of state

probation in any respect, the Board may revoke probation and carry out the disciplinary order that was stayed after giving Respondent notice and the opportunity to be heard. If an Accusation and/or Petition to revoke is filed against Respondent during probation, the Board shall have continuing jurisdiction until the matter is final, and the period of probation shall be extended until the matter is final. Upon successful completion of probation, Respondent's certificate will be fully restored. Enforcement Administration for cancellation and reapply for a new DEA permit limited to those Schedules authorized by this order.

ACCEPTANCE I have carefully read the above Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order and have fully discussed it with my attorney, Daron L. Tooch, Esq., of Hooper, Lundy & Bookman, Inc. I understand the stipulation and the effect it will have on my Osteopathic Physician and Surgeon's License. I enter into this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently, and agree to be bound by the Decision and Order of the Osteopathic Medical Board of California. DATED: $\frac{|v|^{3}}{\delta}$. Mighub-o Respondent I have read and fully discussed with Respondent Po Long Lew the terms and conditions and other matters contained in the above Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order. I approve its form and content. DATED: 1/1/07 HOOPER, LUNDY & BOOKMAN, INC. Of Attorney for Respondent

ENDORSEMENT The foregoing Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order is hereby respectfully submitted for consideration by the Osteopathic Medical Board of California. DATED: <u>November 16, 2001</u>. BILL LOCKYER, Attorney General of the State of California Deputy Attorney General Attorneys for Complainant DOJ Docket Number: 03441160-LA2001AD1196 Stipulation 7/11/01

DECISION AND ORDER OF THE OSTEOPATHIC MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA The foregoing Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order No. 99-14 is hereby adopted as the Decision and Order of the Osteopathic Medical Board of California. An effective date of December 19 , 2001, has been assigned to this Decision and Order. Made this 19th day of December 2001. MICHAEL J. FEINSTEIN, D.O., PRESIDENT OSTEOPATHIC MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA

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1	BILL LOCKYER, Attorney General		
2	Of the State of California MICHAEL A. SHEKEY, Deputy Attorney General, State Bar No. 14346 300 South Spring Street, Suite 500		
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4	Los Angeles, California 90013 Telephone: (213) 897-2520		
5	Attorneys for Complainant		
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8	BEFORE THE OSTEOPATHIC MEDICAL		
9	BOARD OF CALIFORNIA		
10			
11	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:) No. 99-14		
12	PO-LONG LEW, D.O.) ACCUSATION 9308 East Valley Boulevard)		
13	Rosemead, California 91170		
14	Osteopathic physician and) Surgeon License No. 20A5380)		
15) Respondent.)		
16)		
17	Complainant, Linda J. Bergmann, for causes for discipline alleges:		
18	She is the Executive Director of the Osteopathic Medical Board of		
19	the State of California (hereinafter the "Board"), and makes and files this accusation		
20	solely in her official capacity.		
21			
22	LICENSE HISTORY		
23	2. On July 1, 1987, the Osteopathic Medical Board of California issued		
24	osteopathic physician and surgeon license number 20A5380 to Po-Long Lew, D.O.		
25	(hereinafter "respondent"). At all times relevant herein, the license was in full force and		
26	effect and will expire on November 30, 1999, unless renewed.		
27	III		

STATUTES AND REGULATIONS

- 3. Business and Professions Code section 118(b) (hereinafter the "Code") provides that the suspension, expiration, or forfeiture by operation of law of a certificate does not deprive the Board of authority or jurisdiction to institute or continue with disciplinary action against the certificate or to order suspension or revocation of the certificate, during the period within which the certificate may be renewed, restored, reissued or reinstated.
- 4. Business and Professions Code section 3600 provides that the law governing licentiates of the Board is found in the Osteopathic Act and the Medical Practice Act.
- 5. Section 2 of the Osteopathic Act provides, that the Board shall enforce those provisions of the Medical Practice Act identified as Article 12 (commencing with section 2220) of Chapter 5 of Division 2 of the Business and Professions Code as now existing or hereafter amended as to persons who hold certificates subject to the jurisdiction of the Osteopathic Medical Board.
- 6. Section 2234 of the Code states that the Division of Medical Quality shall take action against any licensee who is charged with unprofessional conduct. In addition to the provisions of this article, unprofessional conduct includes, but is not limited, to the following:
 - (a) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the violation of, or conspiring to violate, any provision of this chapter.
 - (b) Gross negligence.
 - (c) Repeated negligent acts.
 - (d) Incompetence.
- 7. Section 125.3 of the Code provides, in part, that the Board may request the administrative law judge to direct any licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act, to pay the Board a sum not to exceed the

reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case.

8. Respondent has subjected his license to discipline pursuant to section 2234, subdivisions (b), (c) and (d) on the grounds of gross negligence, repeated negligence and incompetence in the following respects:

PATIENT LUKYEE L.

- A. On March 18, 1995 and on October 5, 1995, patient Lukyee L. presented herself to the offices of respondent. Her chief complaint on March 18, 1995 was the swelling of both her legs and some heart palpitations. Patient Lukyee L.'s complaint on the October 5, 1995 visit was pain in left knee and swelling on the right leg. Respondent performed a physical examination of patient Lukyee L. at each visit. Respondent's diagnosis of the first exam was that she was suffering from insomnia, stomach ulcer and anxiety. His diagnosis of the second visit was that she was having chest pains, and various insufficiencies.
- B. On March 18, 1995, the following laboratory tests were ordered by respondent: Oximetry, echocardiogram and carotid. On October 5, 1995 he ordered pulse oximetry, right lower extremity venous Doppler and right popliteal artery ultrasound tests.
- C. On October 5, 1995, respondent prescribed Vasocon 0.1%, three times daily and Tylenol 500 mg. every four hours.
- D. Respondent was grossly negligent in his treatment of patient Lukyee

 L. in the following respects:
 - 1). On March 18, 1995, he failed to address and treat her chief complaint and failed to conduct an evaluation of her lower extremities.
 - 2). On March 18, 1995 and on October 5, 1995, he ordered multiple laboratory tests be done on patient Lukyee L. which were unnecessary and did not address her complaints.
 - 3). On October 5, 1995, respondent prescribed a drug, Vasocon drops,

On March 4, 1996, he failed to address and treat Patient Nancy D.'s

revealed that her blood sugar of 268 was rather high. Respondent failed to address this assessment.

- 3). Diagnostic test ordered for headaches were excessive.
- P. Respondent was negligent in that the medical records of patient Hien C. had multiple alterations with deletions and additions.

PATIENT VALARIE C.

- Q. On April 22, 1995, patient Valarie Copresented herself to the offices of respondent for a cut on her left foot. She had four follow up visits, May 9, 1995, May 19, 1995, June 10, 1995 and on August 5, 1995. Two of the three visits were for medication refills. At each visit, respondent performed a physical examination. His diagnoses indicated a foot laceration, foot sprain and diabetes mellitus.
- R. Respondent ordered multiple tests be taken for three of the five visits. On April 22, 1995, pulse oximetry and bilateral popliteal artery Doppler tests were taken. On May 6, 1995, a pulse oximetry was taken. On August 5, 1995, he ordered a pulse oximetry, cardiac echo and a renal ultrasound be taken.
- S. Respondent was grossly negligent in his treatment of patient Valarie
 C. in the following respects:
 - 1). He failed to address her chief complaint of a laceration to her left foot.
 - 2). The tests ordered by him were excessive and not warranted for a laceration or medication refills.
 - 3). The physical exams taken on May 19, 1995 and June 10, 1995, showed that patient Valarie C.'s blood sugar count was 190 and 270, respectively. Respondent failed to address these issues.
- T. Respondent was negligent in that the medical records of patient Valarie C. contained multiple alterations.

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PATIENT CANDELARIA A.

- U. On July 10, 1995 and on July 21, 1995, patient Candelaria A. presented herself to the offices of respondent. Her chief complaint on July 10, 1995 was chest wheezing with blood sputum, fatigue and leg pain. The July 21, 1995 visit was a follow up for X-ray results and multiple complaints. Respondent performed a physical examination of patient Candelaria A. on both visits. The diagnosis of the first exam was that she was suffering low back pain. His diagnosis of the second visit was that she was experiencing anxiety and leg ulcer.
- V. On July 10, 1995, respondent ordered a pulse oximetry laboratory test. On July 21, 1995 he ordered the following lab tests: pulse oximetry, electrocardiogram, ultrasound of right popliteal artery and lower extremity venous Doppler studies.
- W. Respondent was grossly negligent in his treatment of patient Candelaria A. in the following respects:
 - 1). On July 10, 1995, patient Candelaria A. was given an osteopathic manipulation, hot packs and traction, which were not warranted for her chief complaint of chest wheezing.
 - 2). The tests ordered by him were excessive and not warranted for the diagnoses he indicated.
 - 3). The physical exams taken on July 10, 1995 and July 21, 1995, showed that patient Candelaria A.'s blood sugar count was 388 and 329, respectively. Respondent failed to address these issues.
- X. Respondent was negligent in that the medical records of patient Candelaria A. contained multiple alterations and additions.

<u>PATIENT DIANE A.</u>

Y. On January 15, 1996, patient Diane A. presented herself to the offices of respondent for a fractured right clavicle. She had four subsequent visits. Her chief

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complaint on January 17, 1996, was a hairline fracture of the right arm. Respondent examined her and prescribed Amoxicillin 500 mg t.i.d. The January 23, 1996 visit was a follow up. Her February 5, 1996 visit was to review the test results and recheck her right arm. Patient Diane A.'s chief complaint on May 9, 1996 was to check a rash and for medication refills. Respondent performed a physical examination on patient Diane on January 15, 1996, February 5, 1996 and May 9, 1996. Respondent's diagnosis of the first visit was a fractured left clavicle; the second diagnosis was a right Colles' fracture; the diagnosis of the May 9, 1996 visit was that she was suffering from a left leg pain.

Z. Respondent ordered multiple tests be taken for four of the five visits. On January 15, 1996, an EKG, echocardiogram and Doppler carotid artery assessment tests were taken. On January 23, 1996, he ordered pulse oximetry and an ultrasound brachial artery and vein tests. On February 5, 1996, he ordered a pulse oximetry and pulmonary function tests.

AA. Respondent was grossly negligent in his treatment of patient Diane

A. in the following respects:

- 1). His records do not reflect that he addressed her chief complaint of February 5, 1996. He did not check her right arm.
 - 2). On May 9, 1996, he failed to treat or evaluate the rash.
- 3). The tests ordered by him were excessive and none of the tests ordered were warranted for patient Diane A.'s complaints.
- BB. Respondent was incompetent in his treatment of patient Diane A. in that the medication he prescribed for her on January 17,1996, Amoxicillin 500 mg. t.i.d. is the not usual treatment for a hairline fracture.
- CC. Respondent was negligent in that the medical records of patient Diane A. contained multiple alterations with additions and deletions.

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PATIENT SOUK HOUR C.

DD. On October 16, 1995, patient Souk Hour C. presented herself to the offices of respondent. Her chief complaint was a lower back pain and constipation. Respondent performed a physical examination on her and his diagnosis was that suffered from a gastric ulcer and prescribed Motrin 400 mg t.i.d. Patient Souk Hour S. had two additional visits. Her chief complaint on November 6, 1995 was dysphagia and dysuria. On February 12, 1996, her chief complaint was chest pains at night with headaches. On this third visit, respondent performed a physical examination. Anxiety and thyromegaly was written down on her medical chart.

EE. On October 16, 1995, he ordered a chest X-ray and a cardiac echo test for patient Souk Hour S. On her November 6, 1995 visit he ordered a CAT scan of the chest and a pulse oximetry test. On the February 12, 1996 visit, he ordered a pulse oximetry, carotid Doppler studies and pulmonary function tests be done.

FF. Respondent was grossly negligent and incompetent in his treatment of Souk Hour S. inn the following respects:

- 1). He did not address the findings of the echo test.
- 2). He failed to address her chief complaint of dysuria and the work up of dysphagia was incompetent.
- 3). The medication he prescribed for her on October 16, 1995, Motrin 400 mg. t.i.d., was contraindicated for the diagnosis of peptic ulcer disease.
- 4). His diagnosis of February 12, 1996 of anxiety and thyromegaly was incompetent in view of the fact that her chief complaint was for headaches and chest pains.
- 5) His diagnosis of anxiety and thyromegaly was not addressed or treated.
- 6). The tests ordered by him were excessive. The multiple lab tests ordered were not warranted for patient Souk Hour S.'s chief complaints or for the

diagnoses he charted. 1 He failed to perform a physical examination of patient Souk Hour S. 2 3 on February 12, 1996. Respondent was negligent in that patient Souk Hour S.'s medical 4 5 records contained multiple alterations. 6 WHEREFORE, Complainant prays that a hearing be held and that 7 following said hearing that the Osteopathic Medical Board of California makes its order: 8 Revoking or suspending Osteopathic physician and surgeon license 9 number 20A5380 issued to Po-Long Lew, D.O. 10 2 Issue an order compelling the respondent to reimburse the Board for 11 the reasonable costs and its investigation, enforcement and prosecution of this matter, 12 13 up to the day of hearing. Taking such other and further action as the Board deems proper. 14 DATED: October 6,1999 15 16 17 18 19 Executive Officer Osteopathic Medical Board 20 of California 21 Complainant 22 23 24 25 26

03541110-LA1999AD0677 (CML) 06/01/99

1 2 3 4	BILL LOCKYER, Attorney General Of the State of California MICHAEL A. SHEKEY, Deputy Attorney General, State Bar No. 14346 300 South Spring Street, Suite 500 Los Angeles, California 90013 Telephone: (213) 897-2520		
5	Attorneys for Complainant		
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8	BEFORE		
9	OSTEOPATHIC MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA		
10	. ,		
11	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	No. 99-14	
12	PO-LONG LEW, D.O.) FIRST SUPPLEMENTAL	
13	9308 East Valley Boulevard Rosemead, California 91170) ACCUSATION)	
14	Osteopathic physician and Surgeon License No. 20A5380		
15	Respondent.		
16	Kespondent.		
17	Complainant, Linda J. Bergmann	, for causes for discipline alleges:	
18	9. Complainant is the Executive	e Director of the Osteopathic Medical	
19	Board of the State of California (hereinafter the "Board"), and makes and files this First		
20	Supplemental Accusation solely in her official capacity and supplements the Accusation		
21	filed on October 6, 1999.		
22	10. Paragraphs two (2) through eight (8) are incorporated herein as		
23	though fully set forth.		
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25	STATUTES AND REGULATIONS		
26	11. Business and Professions Code section 810 ("Code") states:		
27	(a) It shall constitute unprofessional conduct and grounds for		

disciplinary action, including suspension or revocation of a license or certificate, for a health care professional to do any of the following in connection with his or her professional activities:

- (1) Knowingly present or cause to be presented any false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss under a contract of insurance.
- (2) Knowingly prepare, make, or subscribe any writing, with intent to present or use the same, or to allow it to be presented or used in support of any false or fraudulent claim.
- (b) It shall constitute cause of revocation or suspension of a license or certificate for a health care professional to engage in any conduct prohibited under Section 1871.4 of the Insurance Code or Section 550 of the Penal Code.
- (c) As used in this section, health care professional means any person licensed or certified pursuant to this division, or licensed pursuant to the Osteopathic Initiative Act, or the Chiropractic Initiative Act.
- 12. Business and Professions Code section 2261 states that knowingly making or signing any certificate or other document directly or indirectly related to the practice of medicine or podiatry which falsely represents the existence or nonexistence of a state of facts, constitutes unprofessional conduct.
- 13. Business and Professions Code section 2262 states that altering or modifying the medical record of any person, with fraudulent intent, or creating any false medical record, with fraudulent intent, constitutes unprofessional conduct.
- 14. Respondent has subjected his license to discipline pursuant to section 2262 of the Code on the grounds of unprofessional conduct as defined in section 810(a)(1) for violating section 1871.4(a)(1) of the California Insurance Code.
- A. From between May 20, 1994 through September 27, 1997,
 Respondents treated patients who had been in minor automobile accidents.
 Respondent billed insurance company using codes that were not appropriate and

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represented up-coding. Respondent's charges for initial billing and follow-up examinations were uniformly excessive in the following respects:

1). PATIENT LY T. D.

On March 6, 1996, patient Ly T. D. presented himself to the offices of Respondent. Mr. D. had been in an automobile accident on March 4, 1996. His chief complaints as a result of the accident were neck pain, upper shoulder pain, lower back pain, left knee pain and headaches and insomnia. For the initial visit on March 6, 1996, Respondent billed the insurance company with CPT office code 99205. This code requires a high severity problem where the risk of morbidity without treatment is high to extreme. Respondent treated patient Ly T.D. from March 7, 1996 to June 28, 1996 and billed the insurance company under CPT office code 99212. This code indicates a low severity problem where the risk of morbidity without treatment is low. Patient Ly T. D. was re-examined by Respondent on March 30, 1996, April 29, 1996. May 20, 1996 and June 28, 1996, all under CPT office visit code 99213. Code 99213 indicates a moderately severe problem. These office visits were also billed under code 99212. Patient Ly T was re-examined by Respondent on July 2, 1993. In the medical report dated July 9, 1996, he states that on July 2, 1996, the patient's headaches and insomnia as well as neck, upper shoulders, lower back and left knee pain was resolved. Yet, the billing for the final examination on July 2, 1996 indicated a CPT code of 99215. Code 99215 requires a moderate/high to extreme risk of morbidity or mortality without treatment. Respondent billed the insurance company a total of \$4,245.00 for 28 visits.

2). PATIENT BUWON T.

Ms. T had been in an automobile accident on January 8, 1997. On January 11, 1997, patient Buwon T. presented herself to the offices of Respondent. Her chief complaints as a result of the accident were neck pain, shoulder pain, chest pain with pain upon deep breathing, and lower back pain. For the initial visit on January 11, 1997, Respondent billed the insurance company with CPT office code

99205. Code 99205 requires a high severity problem where the risk of morbidity without treatment is high to extreme. Patient Tran B. was treated by Respondent from January 11, 1997 until March 10, 1997, for a total of 16 visits. Subsequent office visits on January 13, 1997 and February 17, 1997, were billed to the insurance company under code 99213. Code 99213 indicates a moderately severe problem. For the final office and date of discharge visit of March 10, 1997, the insurance company was billed under CPT office visit code 99215. Code 99215 requires a moderate/high to extreme risk of morbidity or mortality without treatment. In his medical report dated March 19, 1997, Respondent states that the patient was re-examined on March 10, 1997, and at that time all the patient's chest pain upon deep breathing as well as neck, shoulders, chest and lower back pain was resolved. The total amount billed to the insurance company for 16 visits was \$3,175.00.

3). PATIENT DANIEL W.

On January 23, 1995, patient Daniel W. presented himself to the offices of Respondent for treatment. Mr. W. had been in an automobile accident on January 20, 1995. His chief complaints as a result of the accident were neck pain, upper shoulder pain, right wrist pain, lower back pain, headaches, dizziness and blurred vision. For the initial visit on January 23, 1995, Respondent billed the insurance company with a CPT office code 99205. Code 99205 requires a high severity problem where the risk of morbidity without treatment is high to extreme. Patient Daniel W. was treated by the Respondent 39 more times. From January 25, 1995 to July 1, 1995, Respondent treated patient Daniel W. and billed the insurance company under CPT office code 99212. Code 99212 indicates a low severity problem where the risk of morbidity without treatment is low. Office visits for February 15, 1995, March 17, 1995, April 26, 1995, May 25, 1995 and July 1, 1995, were billed as "re-examination", under CPT office code 99213. Code 99213 indicates a moderately severe problem. These same dates were also billed under Code 99212. The final office and date of discharge

visit on August 8, 1995, the insurance company was billed under CPT office visit code 99215. Code 99215 requires a moderate/high to extreme risk of morbidity or mortality without treatment. In his medical report dated August 16, 1995, Respondent states that on August 8, 1995, the patient was re-examined and at that time, the patient's headaches, dizziness and blurred vision as well as all neck, upper shoulders, right wrist and lower back pain was resolved. The total amount billed to the insurance company for 40 visits was \$4,865.00.

4). PATIENT ALEX W. C.

On May 11, 1995, patient Alex W. C. Presented himself to the offices of Respondent. Mr. D. had been in an automobile accident on May 11, 1995. His chief complaints as a result of the accident were neck pain, upper shoulder pain, right elbow, right chest pain and left knee pain. For the initial visit on May 11, 1995, Respondent billed the insurance company with CPT office code 99205. Code 99205 requires a high severity problem where the risk of morbidity without treatment is high to extreme. Patient Alex W. C. was treated by the Respondent 33 more times, from May 13, 1995 to September 5, 1995 and billed the insurance company under CPT office code 99212. This code indicates a low severity problem where the risk of morbidity without treatment is low. Patient Alex W. C. was re-examined by Respondent on June 10, 1995, July 8, 1995, August 10, 1995 and September 12, 1995, all under CPT office visit code 99213. Code 99213 indicates a moderately severe problem. The office visits for July 8, 1995 and August 10, 1995 were also billed under code 99212. Patient Alex W. C. was re-examined and discharged by Respondent on September 20, 1995 and billed the insurance company under code 99215. In the medical report dated September 27, 1995, Respondent states that on September 20, 1995, all the patient's neck, upper shoulders, right elbow, right side chest and left knee pain resolved. Yet, the billing for the final examination on September 20, 1995 indicated a CPT code of 99215. Code 99215 requires a moderate/high to extreme risk of morbidity or mortality

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without treatment. The total amount billed to the insurance company was \$4,425,00.

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5). PATIENT TOAN VAN L.

Mr. Toan Van L. had been in an automobile accident on May 3, 1994. On May 20, 1994, patient Toan Van L. presented himself to the offices of Respondent for treatment. His chief complaints as a result of the accident were headaches, neck pain, upper back pain, chest pain, nervousness and lightheadedness. For the initial visit on May 20, 1994, Respondent billed the insurance company with CPT office code 90020. This code requires a high severity problem where the risk of morbidity without treatment is high to extreme. Patient Toan Van L. was treated by the Respondent 27 more times, from May 23, 1994 to August 30, 1994. Respondent billed the insurance company under CPT office code 90070. Patient Toan Van L. was reexamined by Respondent on June 18, 1994, July 16, 1994 and August 15, 1994, all under CPT office visit code 90060. These office visits were also billed under code 90070. On September 10, 1994, patient Ly T was re-examined and discharged. In the medical report dated October 26, 1994, Respondent states that on September 10. 1994, the patient's neck, upper shoulders and chest pains was resolved. Yet, the billing for the final examination on September 10, 1994 was under CPT code 90080. Code 90080 indicates a presenting problem as a problem where the risk of morbidity without treatment is high to extreme. The total amount billed to the insurance company was \$3,490.00.

6). PATIENT HEIN L. Q.

Mr. Hein L. Q. had been in an automobile accident on May 30, 1997 and on June 14, 1997, presented himself to the offices of Respondent for treatment. His chief complaints as a result of the accident were neck pain, upper shoulder pain, lower back pain and headaches. For the initial visit on June 14, 1997, Respondent billed the insurance company under CPT office code 99205. This code requires a high severity problem where the risk of morbidity without treatment is high to

extreme and moderate to high risk of mortality without treatment. Patient Hein L. Q. 1 2 3 4 5 7 8 10 11 12

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was subsequently treated by the Respondent three more times, on June 28, 1997, July 30, 1997 and August 29, 1997. Respondent billed the insurance company for these treatments under CPT office code 99213. Code 99213 indicates the problem where the risk of morbidity without treatment was moderate and a moderate risk of mortality without treatment. On September 19, 1997, patient Hein L. Q. was re-examined and discharged. In the medical report dated October 26, 1994, Respondent states that on September 19, 1997, the patient's headaches, neck, upper shoulders and lower back pain were resolved. The billing for the final examination on September 19, 1997 was under CPT code 99215. Code 99215 indicates a presenting problem as a problem where the risk of morbidity without treatment is high to extreme and there is a moderate to high risk of mortality without treatment or high probability of severe, prolonged functional impairment. The total amount billed to the insurance company was \$3.180.00.

7). PATIENT TURAN D.

Mr. D. had been in an automobile accident on May 27, 1996. On May 30, 1996, patient Turan D. presented himself to the offices of Respondent. His chief complaints as a result of the accident were neck pain, upper shoulder pain, chest pain and pain with breathing, left wrist pain, left hand pain and headaches. For the initial visit on May 30, 1996, Respondent billed the insurance company under a CPT office code 99205. Code 99205 requires a high severity problem where the risk of morbidity without treatment is high to extreme. Patient Turan D. was treated by Respondent from May 30, 1996 through August 28, 1996, for a total of 13 visits. Patient Turan D. was reexamined on June 17, 1996 and July 1, 1996 for which Respondent billed the insurance company under a CPT office visit code 99213. Code 99213 indicates a moderately severe problem where the risk of morbidity without treatment is moderate with a moderate risk of mortality without treatment. On August

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28, 1996, patient Toran D. was re-examined and discharged. In the medical report dated November 15, 1996, Respondent states that on August 28, 1996, the patient's headaches, neck, upper shoulders, chest, left wrist and left hand pain were resolved. The billing for the final examination on August 28, 1996 was under CPT code 99215. Code 99215 indicates a problem where the risk of morbidity without treatment is high to extreme and there is a moderate to high risk of mortality without treatment or high probability of severe, prolonged functional impairment. The total amount billed to the insurance company was \$2,535.00.

8). PATIENT TU V.

Ms. Tu V. was in an automobile accident on April 14, 1996 and on April 15, 1996 presented herself to the offices of Respondent for treatment. Her chief complaints as a result of the accident were neck pain, upper shoulder pain and lower back pain. For the initial visit on April 15, 1996, Respondent billed the insurance company under CPT office code 99205. This code requires a high severity problem where the risk of morbidity without treatment is high to extreme and moderate to high risk of mortality without treatment. Patient Tu V. was further treated by the Respondent 12 more times from April 17, 1996 to June 1, 1996. For these treatments, Respondent billed the insurance company under CPT office code 99212. Code 99212 indicates the problem that runs a definite and prescribed course, is transient in nature and is not likely to permanently alter health status. Patient Tu V. was re-examined by Respondent on April 29, 1996 and May 24, 1996. Respondent billed the insurance company under Code 99213. Code 99213 indicates a moderately severe problem where the risk of morbidity without treatment is moderate and there is a moderate risk or mortality without treatment. These two dates were also billed under Code 99212. Patient Tu V. was re-examined and discharged on June 18, 1996. In the medical report dated August 27, 1996, Respondent states that on June 18, 1996, the patient's neck, upper shoulders and lower back pain were resolved. The billing for the final

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examination was under CPT code 99215. Code 99215 indicates a problem where the risk of morbidity without treatment is high to extreme and there is a moderate to high risk of mortality without treatment or high probability of severe, prolonged functional impairment. The total amount billed to the insurance company was \$2,355.00.

9). PATIENT KEVIN L.

Mr. Kevin L. was in an automobile accident on April 14, 1996 and on April 15, 1996 presented himself to the offices of Respondent for treatment. His chief complaints as a result of the accident were neck pain, upper shoulder pain and lower back pain. For the initial visit on April 15, 1996, Respondent billed the insurance company under CPT office code 99205. This code requires a high severity problem where the risk of morbidity without treatment is high to extreme and moderate to high risk of mortality without treatment. Patient Kevin L. was further treated by the Respondent 14 more times from April 17, 1996 to June 15, 1996. For these treatments, Respondent billed the insurance company under CPT office code 99212. Code 99212 indicates the problem that runs a definite and prescribed course, is transient in nature and is not likely to permanently alter health status. Patient Kevin L. was re-examined by Respondent on April 29, 1996 and May 30, 1996. Respondent billed the insurance company under Code 99213. Code 99213 indicates a moderately severe problem where the risk of morbidity without treatment is moderate and there is a moderate risk or mortality without treatment. These two dates were also billed under Code 99212. Patient Kevin L. was re-examined and discharged on June 22, 1996. In the medical report dated August 27, 1996, Respondent states that on June 22, 1996, the patient's neck, upper shoulders and lower back pain were resolved. The billing for the final examination was under CPT code 99215. Code 99215 indicates a problem where the risk of morbidity without treatment is high to extreme and there is a moderate to high risk of mortality without treatment or high probability of severe, prolonged functional impairment. The total amount billed to the insurance company was

\$2,595.00.

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10). PATIENT APRIL V.

Patient April V, a one-year old child, was in an automobile accident on April 14, 1996 and on April 15, 1996 was presented by her parents to the offices of Respondent for treatment. Patient April V. was examined by Respondent and his diagnoses was that she suffered from agitation, a decreased appetite and sleeping decrease. For the initial visit on April 15, 1996, Respondent billed the insurance company under CPT office code 99205. This code requires a high severity problem where the risk of morbidity without treatment is high to extreme and moderate to high risk of mortality without treatment. Patient April V. was re-examined by the Respondent on April 19, 1996 and the visit was billed under CPT office visit code 99213. Code 99213 indicates a moderately severe problem where the risk of morbidity without treatment is moderate and there is a moderate risk or mortality without treatment. Patient April V. was re-examined and discharged on May 4, 1996. In the medical report dated August 27, 1996, Respondent states that on May 4, 1996, the patient's neck, upper shoulders and lower back pain were resolved. The billing for the final examination was under CPT code 99215. Code 99215 indicates a problem where the risk of morbidity without treatment is high to extreme and there is a moderate to high risk of mortality without treatment or high probability of severe, prolonged functional impairment. The total amount billed to the insurance company was \$410.00.

11). PATIENT REBECCA K.

Ms. Rebecca K. was in an automobile accident on August 28, 1996 and on August 30, 1996 presented herself to the offices of Respondent for treatment. Her chief complaints as a result of the accident were neck pain, right greater than left; upper shoulder pain, lower back pain and nervousness. For the initial visit on August 30, 1996, Respondent billed the insurance company under CPT office code 99205. This code requires a high severity problem where the risk of morbidity without treatment

is high to extreme and moderate to high risk of mortality without treatment. 1 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

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Rebecca K. was further treated by the Respondent 10 more times from September 5, 1996 to November 23, 1996. For office visits on September 9, 1996 and November 18, 1996, Respondent billed the insurance company under CPT office code 99213. Code 99213 indicates a moderately severe problem where the risk of morbidity without treatment is moderate and there is a moderate risk or mortality without treatment. Patient Rebecca K. was re-examined and discharged on November 23, 1996. In the medical report dated December 23, 1996, Respondent states that on November 23, 1996, the patient's nervousness, as well as neck, upper shoulders and lower back pain were resolved. The billing for the final examination was under CPT code 99215. Code 99215 indicates a problem where the risk of morbidity without treatment is high to extreme and there is a moderate to high risk of mortality without treatment or high probability of severe, prolonged functional impairment. The total amount billed to the insurance company was \$1,835.00.

12). PATIENT MATTHEW S.

Mr. Matthew S., a 2 1/2 year old child, was in an automobile accident on August 28, 1996 and on August 30, 1996 was presented by his mother to the offices of Respondent for treatment. His chief complaints as a result of the accident were head pain, nervousness, insomnia, loss of appetite, anxiety and agitation. For the initial visit on August 30, 1996, Respondent billed the insurance company under CPT office code 99205. This code requires a high severity problem where the risk of morbidity without treatment is high to extreme and moderate to high risk of mortality without treatment. On September 5, 1996, Patient Matthew S. was treated by the Respondent and the insurance company was billed under CPT office code 99213. Code 99213 indicates a moderately severe problem where the risk of morbidity without treatment is moderate and there is a moderate risk or mortality without treatment. On September 26, 1996, Patient Matthew S. was re- examined by Respondent and

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discharge. In the medical report dated December 23, 1996, Respondent states that on September 26, 1996, all patient's nervousness, insomnia, loss of appetite, anxiety and agitation as well as head pain was resolved. The billing for the final examination was under CPT code 99215. Code 99215 indicates a problem where the risk of morbidity without treatment is high to extreme and there is a moderate to high risk of mortality without treatment or high probability of severe, prolonged functional impairment. The total amount billed to the insurance company was \$550.00.

13). PATIENT SURENDA S.

Mr. Surenda S., was in an automobile accident on April 19,1996 and on April 22, 1996 presented himself to the offices of Respondent for treatment. His chief complaints as a result of the accident were neck pain, right greater than left; upper shoulder pain, right wrist pain and lower back pain, left greater than right. For the initial visit on April 22, 1996, Respondent billed the insurance company under CPT office code 99205. This code requires a high severity problem where the risk of morbidity without treatment is high to extreme and moderate to high risk of mortality without treatment. Patient Surenda S. was further treated by the Respondent 4 (four) more times from May 14, 1996 to August 7, 1996. For these treatments, Respondent billed the insurance company under CPT office code 99213 Code 99213 indicates a moderately severe problem where the risk of morbidity without treatment is moderate and there is a moderate risk or mortality without treatment. Patient Surenda S. was reexamined and discharged on October 9, 1996. In the medical report dated November 4, 1996, Respondent states that on October 9, 1996, the patient's neck, upper shoulders, right wrist and lower back pain were resolved. The billing for the final examination was under CPT code 99215. Code 99215 indicates a problem where the risk of morbidity without treatment is high to extreme and there is a moderate to high risk of mortality without treatment or high probability of severe, prolonged functional impairment. The total amount billed to the insurance company was \$5,195,00.

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Respondent has further subjected his license to discipline 15. pursuant to section 2261 of the Code on the grounds of unprofessional conduct as defined in sections 810(a)(2) and 810(b) of the Code for violating section 1871.4(a)(2) of the California Insurance Code in that from on or about May 20, 1994 through September 19, 1997, Respondent prepared or caused to prepare and submit claims to insurance companies for medical services rendered to a person or persons for alleged injuries sustained as a result of automobile accidents, as follows:

8	<u>PATIENT</u>	<u>DATE</u>	CODE	BILLED
9	Ly T. D.	3/6/96	99205	\$250.00
10		37/96, 3/9/96,	99212	\$700.00
11		3/11/96, 3/12/96 3/15/96, 3/18/96, 3/20/96, 3/25/96,		
12		3/27/96, 3/30/96		
13		4/4/96, 4/5/96, 4/8/96, 4/15/96,	99212	\$490.00
14		4/18/96, 4/22/96, 4/29/96		
15		5/1/96, 5/6/96.	99212	\$350.00
16		5/9/96, 5/20/96, 6/28/96		
17		3/30/96, 4/29/96, 5/20/96, 6/28/96	99213	\$300.00
18		7/2/96	99215	\$200.00
19	Buwon T.	1/11/97	99205	\$250.00
20		1/13/97, 2/17/97	99213	\$150.00
21		3/10/97	99215	\$200.00
22	Daniel W.	1/23/95	99205	\$250.00
23		1/25/95, 1/27/95, 1/30/95, 2/2/95,	99212	\$900.00
24		2/6/95, 2/7/95, 2/10/95, 2/15/95,		
25		2/15/95, 2/18/95, 2/20/95, 2/24/95,		
26		2/28/95		
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	3/30/95 4/4/95, 4/10/95, 4/20/95, 4/26/95 5/5/95, 5/13/95,	99212	\$360.00
	5/5/95, 5/13/95,		,
	5/17/95, 5/25/95, 6/8/95, 6/29/95, 7/1/95	99212	\$630.00
	2/15/95, 3/17/95, 4/26/95, 5/25/95, 7/1/95	99213	\$375.00
	8/8/95	99215	\$200.00
Alex W.C.	5/11/95	99205	\$250.00
	5/13/95, 5/15/95, 5/18/95, 5/20/95,	99212	\$720.00
	5/22/95, 5/23/95, 5/25/95, 5/30/95	r r	
	6/1/95, 6/3/95, 6/5/95, 6/8/95,	99212	\$990.00
	6/10/95, 6/13/95, 6/16/95, 6/19/95, 6/21/95, 6/23/95, 6/26/95		
	7/1/95, 7/3/95, 7/6/95, 7/8/95, 7/10/95, 7/14/95, 7/20/95, 7/29/95	99212	\$720.00
	8/5/95, 8/10/95,	99212	\$540.00
	8/14/95, 8/21/95, 8/29/95, 9/5/95		,
	6/10/95, 7/8/95, 8/20/95, 9/12/95	99213	\$300.00
	9/20/95	99215	\$200.00
Toan Van L.	5/20/94	90020	\$250.00
	5/23/94, 5/26/94, 5/31/94	90070	\$270.00
	6/2/94, 6/4/94, 6/7/94, 6/10/94, 6/13/94, 6/15/94, 6/18/94, 6/22/94, 6/2794	90070	\$810.00
		6/8/95, 6/29/95, 7/1/95 2/15/95, 3/17/95, 4/26/95, 5/25/95, 7/1/95 8/8/95 Alex W.C. 5/11/95 5/13/95, 5/15/95, 5/18/95, 5/20/95, 5/22/95, 5/23/95, 5/25/95, 5/30/95 6/1/95, 6/3/95, 6/3/95, 6/5/95, 6/13/95, 6/16/95, 6/19/95, 6/21/95, 6/23/95, 6/26/95 7/1/95, 7/3/95, 7/8/95, 7/10/95, 7/14/95, 7/10/95, 7/14/95, 7/20/95, 7/29/95 8/5/95, 8/10/95, 8/21/95, 8/29/95, 9/5/95 6/10/95, 7/8/95, 8/20/95, 9/12/95 9/20/95 Toan Van L. 5/23/94, 5/26/94, 5/31/94 6/2/94, 6/4/94, 6/15/94, 6/13/94, 6/15	6/8/95, 6/29/95, 7/1/95 2/15/95, 3/17/95, 4/26/95, 5/25/95, 7/11/95 8/8/95 99215 Alex W.C. 5/11/95 99205 5/13/95, 5/15/95, 5/22/95, 5/20/95, 5/22/95, 5/20/95, 5/22/95, 5/30/95 6/1/95, 6/3/95, 6/10/95, 6/3/95, 6/10/95, 6/19/95, 6/12/95, 6/23/95, 6/26/95 7/1/95, 7/3/95, 7/10/95, 7/14/95, 7/10/95, 7/14/95, 7/10/95, 7/14/95, 7/10/95, 7/14/95, 8/5/95, 8/10/95, 8/5/95, 8/10/95, 8/14/95, 8/21/95, 8/29/95, 9/5/95 6/10/95, 7/8/95, 8/20/95, 9/12/95 9/20/95 99215 Toan Van L. 5/20/94 90020 5/23/94, 5/26/94, 90070 6/7/94, 6/10/94, 6/13/94, 6/15/94, 6/18/94, 6/15/94, 6/18/94, 6/22/94,

1		7/1/94, 7/6/94,	90070	\$720.00
2		7/8/94, 7/12/94, 7/16/94, 7/20/94, 7/25/94, 7/29/94		Ţ
4		8/1/94, 8/8/94, 8/11/94, 8/15/94, 8/20/94, 8/30/94	90070	\$540.00
5		6/18/94, 7/16/94,	90060	\$225.00
6		8/15/94		4120.00
7		9/10/94	90080	\$200.00
8	Hein L.Q.	6/14/97	99205	\$250.00
9		6/28/97, 7/30/97, 8/29/97	99213	\$225.00
10		9/19/97	99215	\$200.00
11	Turan V.D.	5/30/96	99205	\$250.00
12		6/17/96, 7/1/96	99213	\$150.00
		8/28/96	99215	\$200.00
13	Tu V.	4/15/96	99205	\$250.00
14 15		4/17/96, 4/19/96, 4/24/96, 4/27/96, 4/29/96	99212	\$625.00
16 17		5/4/96, 5/7/96, 5/11/96, 5/18/96, 5/20/96, 5/24/96, 6/1/96	99212	\$735.00
18		4/29/96, 5/24/96	99213	\$150.00
19		6/18/96	99215	\$200.00
20	Kevin L.	4/15/96	99205	\$250.00
21		4/17/96, 4/19/96,	99212	\$625.00
22		4/24/96, 4/27/96, 4/29/96		
23		5/4/96, 5/8/96, 5/14/96, 5/20/96, 5/24/96, 5/30/96	99212	\$630.00
2425		6/1/96, 6/8/96, 6/15/96	99212	\$315.00
26		4/29/96, 5/30/96	99213	\$150.00
27		6/22/96	99215	\$200.00

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1	April V.	4/15/96	99205	\$200.00
2		4/19/96	99213	\$60.00
3		5/4/96	99215	\$150.00
4	Rebecca K.	8/30/96	99205	\$250.00
5		9/9/96, 11/18/96	99213	\$150.00
6		11/23/96	99215	\$200.00
	Matthew S.	8/30/96	99205	\$200.00
7		9/5/96	99213	\$60.00
8		9/26/96	99215	\$150.00
9	Surenda S.	4/22/96	99205	\$250.00
10		5/14/96, 6/12/96, 7/17/96, 8/7/96	99213	\$300.00
11		10/9/96	99215	\$200.00
12				
13	WHEREFORE, Complainant prays that a hearing be held and that			
14	following said hearing that the Osteopathic Medical Board of California makes its			
15	Revoking or suspending Osteopathic physician and surgeon lice.			
16	number 20A5380 issue	ed to Po-Long Lew, D.	О.	

s its order: n license

2 Issue an order compelling the respondent to reimburse the Board for the reasonable costs and its investigation, enforcement and prosecution of this matter, up to the day of hearing.

Taking such other and further action as the Board deems proper.

DATED: March 21, 2001

NDA J. BERGMANN

Executive Officer

Osteopathic Medical Board

of California

Complainant

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